



Product Disclosure Statement (PDS)

Company Name: Lux Trading Firm Ltd

Company Number: 2023-00292

Date: : 5 February 2023

Lux Trading Firm Ltd, Company registration number: 2023-00292 Ground floor, The Sotheby Building, Rodney Village, Rodney Bay, Gros-Islet, Saint Lucia trading as Lux Trading, is the issuer of the Lux Trading Products described in this communication. Trading in Lux Trading Products involves the potential for profit as well as the risk of loss which may vastly exceed the amount of your initial deposit and is not suitable for all investors. You should read all of these Financial Product Service Terms, and the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) (available on our website) carefully, consider your own financial situation, needs and objectives for investing in these Lux Trading Firm Products and obtain independent financial advice.



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Section 1-Important Information

1.1 This PDS

This Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) is dated 28 February 2023 and was prepared by Lux Trading Firm Ltd, Company registration number: 2023-00292 Ground floor, The Sotheby Building, Rodney Village, Rodney Bay, Gros-Islet, Saint Lucia, trading as Lux Trading Firm (Lux Trading Firm), as the issuer of the following over the counter (OTC) Products:

- spot foreign exchange currency pairs (Spot FX Contracts);
- CFD spot metals (Spot Metals Contracts);
- CFD Indices (Indices Contracts);
- CFD Commodity Derivatives;
- CFD Cryptocurrency Contracts; and
- Equity Contract For Difference (Equity CFD). collectively referred to as Lux Trading Firm Products.

All financial products issued by Lux Trading Firm are over-the-counter-derivative financial products and are not exchange-traded financial products.

This PDS describes the key features of Lux Trading Firm Products, their benefits, risks, the costs and fees of trading in Lux Trading Firm Products and other related information. Lux Trading Firm Products are sophisticated financial products so you should read this PDS and the Financial Product Service Terms in full before making any decision to invest in them.

In particular, please read the Key Information In Section 2 and the Significant Risks In Section 4.

This PDS is designed to help you decide whether the Lux Trading Firm Products described in this PDS are appropriate for you. You may also use this PDS to compare this financial product with similar financial products offered by other issuers.

Some expressions used in this PDS have definitions given in the Glossary at the end of this PDS (see Section 7).

1.2 Your Liability

Your potential liability is not limited to the amount you pay or we keep in the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account. We may ask you to pay amounts in excess of those amounts to cover any shortfall.

Your Liability on Lux Trading Firm Products can be unlimited.

You should carefully consider the risks of Lux Trading Firm Products and your capacity to meet your liability before investing in Lux Trading Firm Products.

1.3 Currency of PDS

A copy of this PDS and the Financial Product Service Terms can be downloaded from the Lux Trading Firm website at <https://luxbrokerage.lc>

The information in this PDS is up to date at the time it was prepared but is subject to change at any time. Any updates will be posted on the Lux Trading Firm website <https://luxtradingfirm.com>. If the new information is information which is materially adverse to you, we will issue either a new PDS or a supplementary PDS containing the new information. If the new information is not materially adverse to you, you will be able to find updated information on the Lux Trading Firm website at <https://luxtradingfirm.com>. or by calling Lux Trading Firm using the contact details given in this document. If you ask, Lux Trading Firm will send you without charge a paper copy of the information.



1.4 Contact

Lux Trading Firm can be contacted at:

Email: info@luxbrokerage.lc

Website: <https://luxbrokerage.lc>

Section 2- Features

2.1 Key Features of Lux Trading Firm Products

- Lux Trading Firm Products are sophisticated, high-risk, over-the counter financial products issued by Lux Trading Firm. They are not exchange-traded.
- Each Lux Trading Firm Product which is agreed and entered into with you will be entered into by Lux Trading Firm as principal. Lux Trading Firm makes a market in its products since it regularly states the price at which it is prepared to deal with a client as principal.
- Unlike products traded on an exchange, OTC products are not forced to have the same standardised contract specifications as the exchange traded products. The sizes of the Lux Trading Firm Products are expressed in Lot Sizes, depending on the particular financial product traded.
- You (the Client) must fund your Account with Lux Trading Firm before Lux Trading Firm Products may be issued to you. You do this by paying at least the Initial Margin.
- You remain liable to pay later Margin amounts and to maintain the required amount of Margin. If you do not maintain the required Margin or you do not pay the required Margin call by the required time, your Lux Trading Firm Products can be Closed Out and you remain liable to pay for any remaining shortfall.
- There is high degree of leverage in Lux Trading Firm Products because you pay to Lux Trading Firm

only Margin, not the full face value. All payments to Lux Trading Firm for Lux Trading Firm Products are paid as Margin, therefore the more Margin you pay, the less leverage you have.

2.2 Key Benefits of Lux Trading Firm Products

- Hedging: Lux Trading Firm Products can be used as important risk management tools. For example, OTC contracts for FX are used to hedge foreign exchange currency exposures, protect against adverse exchange rate movements and provide certainty of foreign exchange rates and cash flow. Commodity Derivatives, Equity CFD and Metal Contracts can give some protection against movements in the market price of the underlying asset and provide increased cash flow certainty.
- Speculation: Lux Trading Firm Products can be used for speculation, with a view to profiting from fluctuations in the underlying market, e.g., exchange rate fluctuations for FX or the market price of the underlying asset for Commodity Derivatives, Equity CFD and Metal Contracts.
- Profit potential in both rising and falling markets: Since the markets are constantly moving, there are almost always trading opportunities, whether currency is strengthening or weakening in relation to another currency or the market price of the underlying asset is rising or falling. There is a potential for profit (and loss) in both rising and falling markets depending on the strategy you have employed. Strategies may be complex and each strategy will have different levels of risk associated with them.
- Tailored - A major benefit of entering into Lux Trading Firm Products is that the transaction is not forced to have the same standardised contract specifications as the exchange traded contracts. For example, Lux Trading Firm allows you to enter into transactions in smaller amounts for example 0.01 of a Lot, whereas exchange-traded contracts are a standard size.



- Leverage: The use of Lux Trading Firm Products involves a high degree of leverage. These OTC products enable a Client to outlay a relatively small amount (in the form of Initial Margin) to secure an exposure to the full face value of the product. This leverage can work against you as well as for you. The use of leverage can lead to large losses as well as large gains.

2.3 Key Risks of Lux Trading Firm Products

This is an outline of the key risks of investing in Lux Trading Firm issued products. For a description of all of the significant risks, please see Section 4.

- Leverage - Lux Trading Firm Products are highly leveraged. This is because the amount you pay (Margin) to Lux Trading Firm is significantly less than the full face value. You should be prepared for the greater risks from this kind of leveraged investment, including being liable to pay Lux Trading Firm more Margin and those Margin requirements changing rapidly in response to changes in the relevant underlying market.
- Loss of your moneys - Your potential losses on dealing in Lux Trading Firm Products may exceed the amounts you pay (as Margin) for your Lux Trading Firm Products, or amounts Lux Trading Firm holds in Lux Trading Firm Trust Account.
- Unlimited loss - Your potential losses on Lux Trading Firm Products may be unlimited.
- Limited recourse - Lux Trading Firm limits its liability to you under the terms of the Lux Trading Firm Products by the extent to which Lux Trading Firm actually recovers against its Hedge Counterparty and allocates that to your Lux Trading Firm Products. This key risk is linked to "counterparty risk". Both limited recourse risk and counterparty risk are further explained in Section 3.16 under "Your Counterparty Risk on Lux Trading Firm".

- Margining - You are liable to pay Margin before Lux Trading Firm Products are issued and you may be required to pay more Margin before Lux Trading Firm Products are Closed Out. Margin requirements can change rapidly. If you do not meet Margin requirements, including at little or no notice, all or portion of your Lux Trading Firm Products may be Closed Out without notice to you.

- Foreign Exchange - Lux Trading Firm Products which are denominated in foreign currency can expose you to rapid, significant and large changes to the value of your Trading Account.
- Counterparty risk - you have the risk that Lux Trading Firm will not meet its obligations to you under the Lux Trading Firm Products. Lux Trading Firm Products are not exchange-traded so you need to consider the credit and performance risk you have on Lux Trading Firm and the limited recourse arrangements. This is further explained in Section 3.16 under 'Your Counterparty Risk on Lux Trading Firm'.

2.4 Nature of Lux Trading Firm Products

Lux Trading Firm Products are sophisticated over-the-counter financial products that you buy from Lux Trading Firm. The terms of any payment when it is Closed Out reflects the performance of an Underlying Instrument that you have chosen including, among others, foreign exchange, spot precious metals, commodities and Equities. The amount of profit or loss is determined by the difference between the price at which the Lux Trading Firm Product is bought and the price at which it is Closed Out, adjusted to reflect interest payments (or swap, as it is commonly referred to) or any other charges where applicable (as described in Section 5).

It is important to note that no physical delivery of either the Lux Trading Firm Product or the Underlying Instrument takes place.



All Lux Trading Firm Products traded are subject to Margin requirements, which means you (the Client) are required to pay to Lux Trading Firm at least the minimum required Margin.

Essentially, the amount of any realised profit or loss made on the Lux Trading Firm Product will be equal to the net of:

- the difference between the Transaction Price of the Lux Trading Firm Products when the Transaction is opened and the Transaction Price of the Lux Trading Firm Products when the Transaction is Closed Out, multiplied by the units or Lots traded and the standard volume size per (1.00 Lot);
- for all Lux Trading Firm Products any Finance Charge Adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment on the position held overnight;
- any adjustments made in respect of the Equity CFD (e.g., for dividends);
- any Transaction Fees payable in respect of the Lux Trading Firm Products and any other charges (for more information on Fees and Charges see Section 5 of this PDS).

Your Equity will also be affected by other amounts you must pay in respect of your Account such as Finance Charges on your Account and conversion costs (for more information on costs, fees and charges in respect of your Account, see Section 5 of this PDS).

2.5 Types of Lux Trading Firm Products

2.5.1 Spot FX Contracts

A Spot FX Contract is an OTC agreement to exchange an amount in one currency for an amount in another currency at an Exchange Rate agreed on the day of the trade. When you trade Spot FX Contracts, you trade a combination of two currencies (known as a currency pair).

A Spot FX Contract is opened by buying a Lux Trading Firm Product which is based on either buying or selling the currency pair. The buying or selling is in reference to the buying or selling of the Base Currency (but remember no physical delivery ever takes place). For example if you were buying USDJPY, you would be buying USD by selling JPY, whereas if you were selling JPYUSD you would be selling JPY and buying USD.

Trades cannot be executed below set minimum trade sizes expressed as a portion of a Lot or unit and varies depending on the Lux Trading Firm Products traded on the various Online Trading Platforms, for instance the minimum Lot size traded on the Meta Trader Online Trading Platform Trading Account is 0.01 Lot (step 0.01 Lot(s)), with 1 Lot being equivalent to 100,000 units of Base Currency.

Spot FX Contracts traded cannot be settled by the physical or deliverable settlement of the currencies on their Value Date; rather, these financial products can be rolled or swapped indefinitely until you decide to Close Out the Transaction i.e. Spot FX Contracts do not have set expiry dates and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping" for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment".

The swap or rollover rate that is applied will be tripled for positions held over the Wednesday to Thursday rollover period.

Example: Buying USD/JPY

This example assumes that

- the Trading Account base currency selected is USD
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged



- the Standard Trading Account Leverage Rate is 1:100 for a Spot FX Contract i.e. Initial Margin is set at 1% of the Contract Value;
- 1 Lot of FX Contract is equivalent to 100,000; and
- the price of the Lux Trading Firm Spot FX Contract moves in line with the market price of the Spot FX Currencies.

Opening the position

You decide to go long on the US Dollar against the Japanese Yen, and ask for a quote for 5 lots, the equivalent of USD 500,000. We quote you 73.410/73.430 and you buy 5 lots at 73.430.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \$100,000 \times 5 = \text{USD}5,000$

Finance Charge Adjustment

If the applicable Swap Rate is negative 3 points for 'long' positions and the Point Value for 1 Lot is JPY300, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be a credit of USD1.96.

Closing the position

Later, the USD/JPY has risen to 76.870/76.890, and you take your profit by selling 5 lots at 76.870. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing transaction: USD 500,000 (5 Lots) $\times 76.870 = \text{USD}38,435,000$

Opening transaction: USD 500,000 (5 Lots) $\times 73.430 = \text{USD}36,715,000$

Gross profit on trade: 1,720,000 equivalent to USD 22,375.44

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall or net profit, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge

Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 20 days, incurring a total a Finance Charge Adjustment of USD 39.20

Gross profit on trade: USD 22,375.44

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD 39.20)

Net profit: USD 22,336.24

Example Selling AUD/USD

This example assumes that:

- the Trading Account base currency selected is AUD
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged
- the Standard Trading Account Leverage Rate is 1:100 for a Spot FX Contract i.e. Initial Margin is set at 1% of the Contract Value;
- 1 Lot of FX Contract is equivalent to 100,000; and
- the price of the Lux Trading Firm Spot FX Contract moves in line with the market price of the Spot FX Currencies.

Opening the position

You decide to sell the Australian dollar against the US Dollar, and ask for a quote for 3 lots, the equivalent of AUD 300,000. We quote you 0.73005/0.73008 and you sell all 3 lots at 0.73005.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \$100,000 \times 3 = \text{AUD}3,000$

Finance Charge Adjustment

If the applicable Swap Rate is positive 5 points for 'short' positions and the Point Value for 1 lot is USD



\$1, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be a credit of USD 5.00.

Closing the position

Later, the AUDUSD position has risen to 0.73018/0.73021, and you close your trade by buying 3 lots at 0.73021.

Your gross loss on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing the transaction: AUD300,000 (3 lots) x 0.73021 USD219,063

Opening the transaction: AUD300,000 (3 lots) x 0.73005 USD 219,015

Gross Loss on trade USD48 equivalent to AUD65.73

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net loss, you also have to take account of the Finance Credit Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 3 days, providing a Finance Credit Adjustment of a credit of AUD6.15.

Gross Loss on trade: AUD65.73

Finance Credit Adjustment: AUD 20.54

Net Loss: AUD45.19

2.5.2 Spot Metal Contract

A Spot Metal Contract is an OTC agreement settled in cash by reference to buying or selling a metals based commodity for example a gold and silver at the Spot price agreed on the day traded against another currency.

A Spot Metal Contract is opened by either buying or selling by reference to the Spot metal traded against another currency. For example if you were buying Gold spot, you would be buying gold by selling a reference amount of USD, whereas if you were selling

Silver spot, you would be selling silver by buying a reference amount of USD.

Trades can not be executed below set minimum trade sizes expressed as a portion of a Lot or unit and varies depending on the Lux Trading Firm Products traded on the various Online Trading Platforms, for instance the minimum contract size traded on the Meta Trader Online Trading Platform Trading Account is 0.01 Lot (step 0.01 Lot) with 1 Lot of Gold being equivalent to 100 ounces and 1 Lot of mini silver being equivalent to 500 ounces.

Spot Metal Contracts traded cannot be settled by the physical or deliverable settlement of the spot metal on their Value Date, rather these products can be rolled or swapped indefinitely until you decide to Close Out the Transaction i.e. Spot Metal Contracts do not have set expiry dates and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping" for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment".

The swap or rollover rate that is applied will be tripled for positions held over the Wednesday to Thursday rollover period.

Example Buying spot gold:

This example assumes that:

- the Trading Account base currency selected is USD
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged
- the Standard Trading Account Leverage Rate is 1:100 for a Spot Metal Contract i.e. Initial Margin is set at 1% of the Contract Value;
- 1 Lot of gold is equivalent to 100 ounces; and
- the price of the Lux Trading Firm Spot Metal Contract moves in line with the market price of the spot gold.



Opening the position

You consider that gold is undervalued and wish to speculate the price will go higher. You decide to buy gold, and ask for a quote for 1 lots, the equivalent of 100 ounces. We quote you USD1,724.65/1725.15 and you buy 1 lots at USD1725.15.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \text{USD}1,725.15 \times 100 = \text{USD}1,725.15$

Finance Charge Adjustment

While the position remains open, the daily swap is \$5.70.

Closing the position

Later, gold has risen to 1,750.00/1,750.05, and you take your profit by selling 1 Lot at 1,750. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: USD1,750.00

Opening level: USD1,725.15

Difference: USD 24.85

Gross profit on Transaction: $\text{USD}24.85 \times 100 = \text{USD}2,485$

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net profit, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 10 days, incurring a total Finance Charge Adjustment of USD57:

Gross profit on trade: USD2,485.00

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD 57.00)

Net profit: USD 2,428.00

Example: Selling spot silver:

This example assumes that

- the Trading Account base currency selected is USD
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged
- the Standard Trading Account Leverage Rate is 1:100 for a Spot Metal Contract i.e. Initial Margin is set at 1% of the Contract Value;
- 1 Lot of silver is equivalent to 5,000 ounces; and
- the price of the Lux Trading Firm Spot Metal Contract moves in line with the market price of the spot silver.

Opening the position

You consider that silver is overvalued and wish to speculate the price will go lower. You decide to sell silver, and ask for a quote for 1 lot, the equivalent of 5,000 ounces. We quote you USD14.441/1444 and you buy 1 lot at USD14.441.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \text{USD}14.441 \times 5,000 = \text{USD}722.05$

Finance Charge Adjustment

While the position remains open, the daily swap is USD3.10.

Closing the position

Later, silver has decreased to USD14.214/\$14.218, and you take your profit by buying 1 Lot at USD14.218. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:



Closing level: USD14.218

Opening level: USD14441

Difference: USD0.223

Gross profit on Transaction: USD0.223 x 5,000 - USD1,115

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net profit, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 5 days, incurring a total Finance Charge Adjustment of USD15.5:

Gross profit on trade: USD1,115.00

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD 15.50)

Net profit: USD1,099.50

25.3 Indices / Index (cash) Contracts

Trading in respect of movements in indices allows you to gain indirect exposure to a large number of different shares in one single transaction. They can also be used to take positions on the direction of a whole market without taking a view on the prospects for any particular company's shares.

Indices derive their price from the real time fluctuations in the value of the index which makes up the Underlying Instrument for the Lux Trading Firm Product, as calculated by the relevant market or index sponsor, as the case may be for each particular index or, if that is not available, Lux Trading Firm determination of the index level.

Similar to Equity CFD, prices are normally only quoted for Indices and can only be traded during the open market hours of the relevant market (or within any more limited hours set from time to time by Lux Trading Firm). Indices allow you to trade anticipated market trends rather than individual shares or other financial products.

In addition, Margin requirements for Indices are typically lower than for Equity CFD.

Indices do not have set expiry dates and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping' for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment'.

The swap or rollover rate that is applied will be tripled for positions held over the Friday to Saturday rollover period.

Example: Buying AUS200:

This example assumes that

- the Trading Account base currency selected is AUD
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged
- the Standard Trading Account Leverage Rate is 1:100 for AUS 200 i.e. Initial Margin is set at 1% of the Contract Value

Opening the position

You consider that AUS200 is going to rise over the medium term due to a positive economic outlook and wish to speculate the price will go higher. You decide to buy AUS200, and ask for a quote for 2 lot, the equivalent of 2 units. We quote you AUD6,100/6,102 and you buy 2 lots at AUD 6102.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is 1% x AUD 6,102 x 2 - AUD122.04

Finance Charge Adjustment

While the position remains open, the daily swap is AUD2.20.



Closing the position

Later, AUS200 has increased to AUD 6,210/6,212, and you take your profit by selling 2 Lots at AUD6,210. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: AUD6,210

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \text{AUD } 6,102 \times 2 = \text{AUD } 122.04$

Finance Charge Adjustment

While the position remains open, the daily swap is AUD2.20.

Closing the position

Later, AUS 200 has increased to AUD 6,210/6,212, and you take your profit by selling 2 Lots at AUD6,210. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: AUD6,210

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $1\% \times \text{AUD } 6,102 \times 2 = \text{AUD } 122.04$

Finance Charge Adjustment

While the position remains open, the daily swap is AUD2.20.

Closing the position

Later, AUS200 has increased to AUD6,210/6,212, and you take your profit by selling 2 Lots at AUD6,210. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: AUD 6,210

Closing the position

Later, AUS200 has increased to AUD6,210/6,212, and you take your profit by selling 2 Lots at AUD6,210. Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: AUD 6,210

Opening level: AUD6,100

Difference: AUD 112

Gross loss on Transaction: AUD 112x4 - AUD448

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net loss, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 20 days, incurring a total Finance Charge Adjustment of AUD44:

Gross loss on trade: AUD448

Finance Charge Adjustment: AUD 44

Net loss: AUD492

25.4 Commodity Derivatives

Commodity Derivatives are an easy way to access indirectly commodities markets, such as oil. Commodity Derivatives give traders and investors direct exposure to the underlying commodity without physical delivery, with the trading features of Lux Trading Firm Products being a simple alternative to directly trading in the exchange traded Futures Contract for those commodities.

All Commodity Derivatives will be cash settled.

Instead of directly trading on the futures exchanges with sometimes prohibitive contract sizes and high collateral requirements - investors can access leveraged commodity trading with reduced initial investment through Commodity Derivatives.



Trades cannot be executed below set minimum trade sizes expressed as a portion of a Lot or unit. For instance, trading on Online Trading Platform, the Commodity Derivative minimum quantity of US Crude Oil is equivalent to 100 barrels of the underlying commodity, compared with the relevant exchange's minimum Futures Contract trade size of 1 contract equivalent to 1,000 barrels of the underlying commodity, which means easier and more flexible trading.

Commodity Derivatives do not have set Expiry Dates, and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping" for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment".

Example: Buying a 'short' Agricultural Commodity Derivative Product

- the Trading Account Currency is United states dollars
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged
- the Leverage Rate for the Commodity Derivatives is 1:10, ie. Initial Margin is set at 10% of the Contract Value
- 1 lot is equivalent to 1,000 pounds; and
- cotton spot contracts are priced in US dollar cents per pound.

Opening the position

You think that cotton is currently overpriced and expect the price to fall in the short term. You buy cotton Product for selling 1.0 Lots i.e. 1,000 pounds of cotton to benefit from the price fall you expect in the market, You sell 1.0 Lots i.e. 1,000 pounds of cotton at USD Cents 80.100, the bid price at the time.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position was calculated as $10\% \times \text{USD Cents } 80.100 \times 1000 \text{ lbs} - \text{USD Cents } 8,010 - \text{USD}80.10$

Finance Charge Adjustment

Since you have taken a short position, in this example your Finance Rate is negative 5.35%, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be of USD0.12.

Closing the position

The price of cotton fall to USD cents 78.625 a pound after 14 days. You buy 1.0 Lots i.e. 1,000 lbs of cotton at USD cents 78.625 the Close price.

Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing level: USD Cents 78.625

Opening level: USD Cents 80.100

Difference: USD Cents 1.475

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net loss, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have rolled the position for 14 days, incurring a total Finance Charge Adjustment of USD1.68:

Gross profit on trade: USD14.75

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD1.68)

Net Profit on trade: USD13.07

25.5 Cryptocurrency Contracts

Cryptocurrency Contracts gives you indirect exposure to cryptocurrency markets whose prices are derived from cryptocurrency markets or the cryptocurrency Hedge Counterparties that we deal with. For an



updated list of the Cryptocurrency Contracts that are available, refer to the Online Trading Platform.

All Cryptocurrency Contracts will be cash settled.

A Cryptocurrency Contract is opened by either buying or selling by reference to another currency. For example, if you were buying Bitcoin (BTCUSD), you would be buying Bitcoin by selling a reference amount of USD, whereas if you were selling Bitcoin, you would be buying Bitcoin by buying a reference amount of USD.

Trades cannot be executed below set minimum trade sizes expressed as a portion of a Lot or unit, for instance the minimum contract size traded is 0.01 Lot (step 0.01 Lot) with 1 Lot of Bitcoin being equivalent to 1 Bitcoin contract and 1 Lot of Ripple being equivalent to 100 Ripple contracts.

Cryptocurrency Contracts cannot be settled by the physical or deliverable settlement of the cryptocurrency on their Value Date. Rather these products can be rolled or swapped indefinitely until you decide to Close Out the Transaction. That is, Cryptocurrency Contracts do not have set expiry dates and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping" for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment".

The swap or rollover rate that is applied will be for positions held over the end of a Trading Day.

Example - Buying BTC/USD

This example assumes that:

- the Trading Account base currency selected is USD;
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged;
- Initial Margin is set at 100% of the Cryptocurrency Contract; and

- 1Lot is equivalent to 1 Cryptocurrency Contract.

Opening the position

You decide to go long on BitCoin (BTC) against the US Dollar (USD) BTC/USD, and ask for a quote for 5 lots, the equivalent of 5 BitCoins. We quote you USD4,500/4,540 and you buy 5 lots at USD4,540.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is $100\% \times \text{USD}4,450 \times 5 = \text{USD}22,700$

Finance Charge Adjustment

Interest costs (imposed by way of the Finance Charge Adjustment) are calculated daily on positions held Overnight by applying the applicable interest rate (Finance Rate) to the Contract Value of the Cryptocurrency Contract Positions. For example, if the applicable Finance Rate is negative 20% p.a. and the Contract Value of the Cryptocurrency Derivative Positions is USD 22,700 being the Closing Price on a particular day for the 5 lots, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be USD12.43. Finance Charge Adjustments are calculated and reflected on your Lux Trading Firm Account on a daily basis which is taken into account in your Equity amount.

Closing the position

Later, BTC/USD has risen to USD 5,000/5,040 and you take your profit by selling 5 lots at USD5,000.

Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing transaction: 5 Lots x USD5,000 - USD25,000

Opening transaction: 5 Lots x USD 4,540 - USD22,700

Gross profit on Transaction: USD2,300 equivalent to AUD1,667.50 using an AUD/USD exchange rate of 0.725.



Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net profit, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have held the position for 20 days, charging a total Finance Charge Adjustment debit of USD248.60.

Gross profit on trade USD2,300.00

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD 248.60)

Net profit: USD2,051.14

Example - Selling ETH/USD

This example assumes that:

- the Trading Account base currency selected is USD;
- no brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged; Contract; and
- 1 Lot is equivalent to 1 Cryptocurrency Contract.

Opening the position

You decide to go short on Ethereum (ETH) against the US Dollar (USD) due to the recent instability in the price of cryptocurrencies. You wish to open a position of 5 lots, the equivalent of 5 Ethereum. We quote you USD246.26/250.55 and you sell 5 lots at USD246.26

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position is 100% x USD246.26 x 5 USD1,231.30

Finance Charge Adjustment

Interest costs (imposed by way of the Finance Charge Adjustment) are calculated daily on positions held Overnight by applying the applicable interest rate (Finance Rate) to the Contract Value of the Cryptocurrency Derivative Positions. For example, if the applicable Finance Rate is negative 20% p.a. and the Contract Value of the Cryptocurrency Derivative Positions is USD1,231.3 being the Closing Price on a

particular day for the 5 lots, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be USD0.67. Finance Charge Adjustments are calculated and reflected on your Lux Trading Firm Account on a daily basis which is taking into account in your Equity amount.

Closing the position

Later, ETH/USD has decreased to USD227.25/232.55 and you take your profit by buying 5 lots at USD232.55.

Your gross profit on the trade is calculated as follows:

Closing transaction: 5 Lots x USD232.55 - USD1,162.75

Opening transaction: 5 Lots x USD246.23 - USD1,231.15

Gross profit on Transaction: USD68.4 equivalent to AUD94.34 using an AUD/USD exchange rate of 0.725.

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall net profit, you also have to take account of the Finance Charge Adjustment. In this example, you might have held the position for 20 days, charging a total Finance Charge Adjustment debit of USD13.40.

Gross profit on trade USD68.40

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD13.40)

Net profit: USD55.00

25.6 Equity CFD

Equity CFD are OTC agreements which derive their price from the fluctuations of the spot price of the Underlying Reference Instrument on the relevant exchange or market.

Prices are only quoted for Equity CFD and can only be traded during the open market hours of the relevant



market on which the Underlying Reference Instrument is traded or within any more limited hours set by Lux Trading Firm from time to time.

Lux Trading Firm might not quote for an Equity CFD for a particular Underlying Reference Instrument if that Underlying Reference Instrument is illiquid or is in suspension (for more information on potential external disruptions see Section 4 of this PDS). Furthermore, Lux Trading Firm might not quote Equity CFD if the Equity CFD is overshares in a company which becomes externally administered. These features may occasionally raise significant risks to you so please see Section 4 of this PDS.

Equity CFD allow you to receive economic benefits similar to those from directly owning the Underlying Reference Instrument on which the Equity CFD is based without physically or legally owning it (for more information on benefits of trading in Lux Trading Firm Products refer to Section 2 under 'Key Benefits of Lux Trading Firm Products' of this PDS).

For more information on which Equity CFD are offered, please download a demonstration Online Trading Platform located on the Lux Trading Firm website <https://luxtradingfirm.comor> contact Lux Trading Firm. The available Equity CFD may change at times due to market conditions, exchange rules and any limits set by Lux Trading Firm.

Equity CFD do not have set expiry dates and will remain open until Closed Out. Refer to Section 3.15 under 'Rolling over or swapping" for more details and for the relating fees and charges refer to the Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment".

Example Opening and closing a 'long' Equity CFD

Opening the position

XYZ Limited shares are quoted at USD2.85/2.86 on the United States exchange, and you believe that their price will rise. You decide to 'buy 1,000 Equity CFD contracts at USD2.86, the offer price. While your

XYZ Limited position remains open, your Trading Account is debited to reflect interest adjustments and credited to reflect any dividends. The Account Currency selected is United States dollars. Brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged when the position is opened and closed at USD0.10 per 1 Equity CFD contract. The Initial Margin is set at 10% of the Equity CFD. The Finance Rate for an Equity CFD held Overnight for an USD Equity CFD is negative 5.61% for 'long' positions. The price of the Equity CFD moves in line with the market price of the shares quoted on the exchange.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position was $10\% \times \text{USD } 2.86 \times 1,000 = \text{USD } 286$.

Closing the position

Some weeks later, XYZ Limited has risen to USD3.20/3.21 on the exchange and you decide to take your profit. You sell 1,000 Equity CFD Contracts at USD 3.20, the bid price.

Your profit on the Transaction is calculated as follows:

Closing level: USD3.20

Opening level: USD2.86

Difference: USD0.34

Gross profit on Transaction: USD0.34 x 1000 = USD340

Finance Charge Adjustment

Interest costs (imposed by way of the Finance Charge Adjustment) are calculated daily on positions held. One might by applying the applicable interest rate (Finance Rate) to the Contract Value of the Equity CFD Positions, at the time the Equity CFD is established. For example, if the applicable Finance Rate is negative 5.61% p.a., then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be USD0.44. Finance Charge Adjustments are calculated and reflected on your Lux



Trading Firm Account on a daily basis which is taking into account in your Equity or Account Value amount.

Transaction Fee

For Equity CFDs, a Transaction Fee is payable by way of the Transaction Fee on the opening and closing of the Transaction. In the above example the Transaction Fee payable would be: # of Equity CFD contracts 1,000 x USD0.1 USD100.00

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall or net profit on your Equity CFD Transaction you have to take into account the Transaction Fees you have paid and the Finance Charge Adjustment and dividend adjustments that have been credited or debited. In the above example, you might have held the position for 21 days, at a total interest cost of USD9.24.

During this time if XYZ Limited declared a cash dividend of 6 cents per equity your Trading Account would be posted with a credit for a dividend adjustment of USD60 (1,000 x USD0.06). Here is a summary (this and later summaries exclude the effect of tax on your financial situation):

Gross profit on Transaction: USD340.00

Total Transaction Fees: (USD100.00)

Finance Charge Adjustment: (USD 9.24)

Dividend adjustment: USD 60.00

Net profit on Transaction: USD 290.76

Example: Opening and closing a 'short' or 'sold' Equity CFD

Opening the position.

It is July and you think ABC Limited shares are about to fall. The share is quoted on the Australian Exchange at AUD3.71/3.72. You sell 1,000 Equity CFD

contracts at AUD3.71, which is the bid price at the time. The Transaction Fee payable would be AUD100.00 (1,000 x AUD0.10). Your Trading Account balance is currently AUD 5,000 before this Transaction takes place. The Account Currency selected is Australian dollars. Brokerage, commission or Transaction Fee is charged when the position is opened and closed at 0.10% of the Contract Value. The Initial Margin is set at 10% of the Equity CFD.

The Finance Rate for an Equity CFD held Overnight for an Australian Equity CFD is positive 2.25% for 'short' positions.

Initial Margin

The Initial Margin required to open your position was 10% x AUD 3.71x1,000 - AUD371.

Finance Charge Adjustment

Since you have taken a short position, in this example your Finance Rate is positive 2.25%, then the Finance Charge Adjustment for a particular day would be of AUD0.23 is calculated and reflected as a credit on your Trading Account on a daily basis which is taking into account in your Equity or Account Value amount.

Dividend adjustment

At the end of August your position is still open at the time of the ABC Limited ex-dividend date. The amount of the declared cash dividend is 10 cents per share and this is debited from your Account. The adjustment is calculated as follows: 1,000 x AUD0.10 - AUD100.

Closing the position

By early September, ABC Limited has risen to AUD3.97/3.98 on the exchange and you decide to cut your loss and close the position. You buy 1,000 Equity CFD contracts at AUD 3.98, the ask price.

Your gross loss on the Transaction is calculated as follows:



Closing level: AUD3.98

Opening level: AUD3.71

Difference: AUD0.27

Gross loss on Transaction: AUD0.27x1,000 = AUD270

Calculating the overall result

To calculate the overall or total loss on the Equity CFD Transaction you also have to take account the Transaction Fees you have paid and the Finance Charge Adjustments and dividend adjustments. In this example, you might have held the position for 65 days, charging a total Finance Charge Adjustment of AUD14.87. Your Account has been debited for a dividend adjustment of AUD100.

The overall or total result of the Transaction is a loss, which is calculated as follows:

Gross loss on Transaction: (AUD 270.00)

Total Transaction Fee: (AUD100.00)

Finance Charge adjustment: AUD 14.87

Dividend adjustment: (AUD100.00)

Overall or total loss: (AUD455.13)

Section 3 - How to Trade

3.1 Your Account

You need to establish your Account by completing Lux Trading Firm Account application form, which will be made available for you by contacting Lux Trading Firm directly or online via the website <https://luxbrokerage.lc>

Within your Account you may have one or more Trading Accounts. A Trading Account is an account of your Account which is required to be established for a

specific method of dealing, such as for dealings on an Online Trading Platform or for dealings in a particular product.

By opening a Trading Account, you agree to the Financial Product Service Terms. Your Financial Product Service Terms set out the legal terms governing your Account and your dealing in Lux Trading Firm Products.

Accounts can be funded by electronic transfer, credit/debit card. Further details are available by contacting Lux Trading Firm or logging into your Lux Trading Firm portal.

All funds must be cleared funds before they are credited to your Account to be made available for you to use in acquiring Lux Trading Firm Products.

Please be reminded that funding your Account by credit card has additional risks and costs for you.

By using these payment methods you effectively would be doubling your leverage by taking credit from your credit card account and trading with leverage on your Lux Trading Firm Account. This can add to the risks and volatility of your positions as well as incurs higher interest costs on your credit card account.

If you lose on your Lux Trading Firm Products, you might not have other financial resources to repay your credit card account, incurring higher interest costs and possibly defaulting on your credit card terms.

If your account is funded by credit/debit card and you make a withdrawal request, this withdrawal amount may be refunded to your original credit/ debit card, however the method we use to honour your withdrawal request is at our sole discretion.

We do not accept third party payments and we will only accept credit/debit card payments from you if the credit/debit card is in the same name as your Account.



Individual Lux Trading Firm Products are traded using the Online Trading Platform.

3.2 Opening Lux Trading Firm Products

The particular terms of each Lux Trading Firm Product are agreed between you and Lux Trading Firm before entering into the Transaction.

Before you enter into Lux Trading Firm Products, Lux Trading Firm will require you to have sufficient Equity (as defined in the Glossary in Section 7) to satisfy the Initial Margin requirement for the relevant Lots of Lux Trading Firm Products you wish to acquire.

All of the payments which you make to Lux Trading Firm are applied as Margin (and, if fees and charges are due, the actual Margin amount credited to your Trading Account will be an amount net of those fees and charges). The fees and charges for transacting Lux Trading Firm Products with Lux Trading Firm are set out in Section 5 of this PDS.

Lux Trading Firm Products are opened with the specifications for either buying (going long) or selling (going short). You go "long" when you buy Lux Trading Firm Products in the expectation that the price of the Underlying Instrument to which the Lux Trading Firm Product is referable will increase, which would have the effect that the price of the Lux Trading Firm Product would increase. You go "short" when you buy Lux Trading Firm Products in the expectation that the price of the Underlying Instrument to which the Lux Trading Firm Product is referable will decrease, which would have the effect that the Lux Trading Firm Product will decline.

You do not 'sell short' the actual Lux Trading Firm Product - it is the specifications of the Lux Trading Firm Product that have the long or short trading conditions.

(References to 'selling' Lux Trading Firm Products are a short hand, common sense way of referring to

buying Lux Trading Firm Products opposite to the one you have in order to Close it Out)

3.3 Closing Out Lux Trading Firm Products

Lux Trading Firm Products do not expire or have a fixed term of existence, so they must be Closed Out by you or rolled into the next contract month prior to expiry otherwise the contract will be Closed Out by Lux Trading Firm.

Lux Trading Firm Products cannot be settled by physical or deliverable settlement of the Underlying Instrument on the Value Date and will be continuously rolled or swapped until they are Closed Out.

If you wish to Close Out Lux Trading Firm Products before it expires and for the Open Positions to be 'netted out', you must select the Open Order with the view to closing the existing Lux Trading Firm Product position (or part of it) at the Transaction Price quoted.

If, instead, you trade an equal and opposite Lux Trading Firm Product to the open Lux Trading Firm Product, each position will generate a floating (unrealised) profit or loss and will not be 'netted out'. However you should be aware that by not netting out positions additional fees and charges will be incurred and increased Margin requirements since both positions would be treated as Open Positions.

Profits and/or losses are realised if positions have been Closed Out. Profits and/or losses are unrealised if only one side of the transaction has been completed i.e. it remains an Open Position.

The amount of any profit or loss you make on a Lux Trading Firm Product will be based on the difference between the amount paid for the Lux Trading Firm Product when it is issued (including fees and charges) and the amount credited to your Trading Account when the Lux Trading Firm Product is Closed Out (including allowance for any fees and charges).



Any profit or loss net of any fees and charges will be credited/debited to your Equity in the Account Currency selected - refer to Section 6.1 under "Account Currency".

At the time that the Lux Trading Firm Product is Closed Out, Lux Trading Firm will calculate the remaining payment rights and obligations. Since you are required to enter into Lux Trading Firm Products to Close Out the existing OTC Product, there may be a Transaction Fee on the Lux Trading Firm Product used to close the position - see Section 5 under 'Costs, Fees and Charges'.

In volatile markets the Transaction Price quoted to you may not be available by the time that you chose to accept the price offered and you may require another quote.

In order to provide the Lux Trading Firm Products to you in an efficient and low-cost manner, Lux Trading Firm has discretion in determining closing Transaction Prices. In general, without limiting Lux Trading Firm discretion, it should be expected that Lux Trading Firm will act reasonably and have regard to a range of relevant factors at the time, such as the value of the hedge contract taken by Lux Trading Firm to hedge its Lux Trading Firm Product issued to you, the closing price of the Lux Trading Firm Product and any foreign currency exchange rates which are relevant due to the denomination of your Lux Trading Firm Products or Trading Accounts.

Although there are no specific limits on Lux Trading Firm discretions, Lux Trading Firm must comply with its obligations with a principal's licensee authorised to carry on the business of dealing in securities, including to act efficiently, honestly and fairly.

3.4 Dealing

Quotes for Transaction Prices for dealing in Lux Trading Firm Products are indicative only and so are subject to the actual price at the time of execution of

your Transaction. There is no assurance that the Lux Trading Firm Product will actually be dealt with at the indicative quote. You have a risk in price movement until you make the trade.

Quotes are normally only given and transactions made on Lux Trading Firm Products, during the open market hours of the relevant market on which the Underlying Securities are trading. The trading hours of the relevant Lux Trading Firm Product relating to the type of Lux Trading Firm Trading Account are available on the Online Trading Platform by selecting the relevant Lux Trading Firm Product or by contacting Lux Trading Firm.

Occasionally, Lux Trading Firm may, within its discretion, impose limited trading hours.

Lux Trading Firm may at any time in its discretion without prior notice impose limits on Lux Trading Firm Products in respect of particular Underlying Securities. Ordinarily Lux Trading Firm would only do this if the market for the particular Underlying Instrument has become illiquid or its trading status has been suspended or there is some significant disruption to the markets including trading facilities or the company has become externally administered.

You should be aware that the market prices and other market data which you view through Lux Trading Firm Online Trading Platforms or other facilities which you arrange yourself may not be current or may not exactly correspond with the Transaction Prices for Lux Trading Firm Products quoted or dealt by Lux Trading Firm.

If you access your Accounts and any Online Trading Platform outside of the hours when live Orders may be accepted on the relevant market, you should be aware that the Orders may not be accepted until the relevant market is open to trading, by which time the current prices might have changed significantly.

Trades cannot be executed below set minimum trade sizes expressed as a portion of a Lot or unit for example 0.01 Lot. The minimum trade size available



for each Lux Trading Firm Product traded on the Online Trading Platform is displayed when the Order is placed for the Lux Trading Firm Product selected on the order ticket on the Online Trading Platform.

3.5 Spread

When requesting a price quote for Lux Trading Firm Products you will notice that there is a Bid Price and an Ask Price (collectively the 'quotes') being a lower and higher price at which you can place your Order. The difference between the Bid Price and Ask Price is termed the Spread and it provides an indication of where you can buy Lux Trading Firm Products at, being the higher price, and where you can 'sell' Lux Trading Firm Products at, being the lower price (see comment above, in Section 3.2 under "Opening Lux Trading Firm Products", on what is meant by 'selling').

Lux Trading Firm may hedge its exposure to clients with Lux Trading Firm Products at any time on or after the time it issues the Lux Trading Firm Product and may later change that at any time by placing a corresponding hedge contract with its Hedge Counterparty. The Hedge Counterparty may hedge directly into the market or it may make a market itself in its hedge contract made with Lux Trading Firm.

At any time, this Bid Price (sell price) represents the best current price at which you can sell Lux Trading Firm Products and the "offer" or Ask Price (buy price) represents the best current price at which you can buy Lux Trading Firm Products at that time in a Transaction with Lux Trading Firm, subject to price movements up to the time of actual execution.

The spread that you will be actually quoted is displayed on the order ticket when your Order is placed on your Lux Trading Firm Online Trading Platform.

Generally the spread quoted for the Lux Trading Firm Products on your Lux Trading Firm Online Trading Platform are competitive, but you should be aware

that Lux Trading Firm is responsible for setting the spread quoted for opening and closing Lux Trading Firm Products and Lux Trading Firm does not act as your agent to find you the best prices.

In order for you to break even the price that you exit your trade would need to be at a level that covers the spread and any fees and charges.

3.6 Valuation

During the term of Lux Trading Firm Products, Lux Trading Firm will determine the value of your Trading Account(s), based on the current value of the Lux Trading Firm Products in your Trading Account(s) defined as your Equity (see the Glossary in Section 7). The current value of your Lux Trading Firm Product positions is ordinarily marked to market on a continuous basis, using the Current Market Price being the price available to Lux Trading Firm from its Hedge Counterparty.

Your Equity is used to assess your Free Margin against current positions and any potential new positions you may wish to take. (For a further explanation refer to this Section 3.12 under "Payments and Client Moneys" subheading "How are Margin requirements and Free Margin calculated?")

3.7 Online Trading Platform

Your Trading Account is accessible via the Online Trading Platform either on mobile or desktop.

You must carefully read and follow the operational rules for the Online Trading Platform. The Online Trading Platform may impose special operating rules regarding:

- paying Margin (such as when payment is posted as effective);
- how Margins are calculated or
- how Orders are managed.



We strongly recommend that prior to engaging in live trading you open a "demo" account and conduct simulated trading. This enables you to become familiar with the Online Trading Platform features and conditions.

There is also Online Help menu or user guide available on the Online Trading Platform which has a wealth of information relating to the operation of Online Trading Platform or you can contact Lux Trading Firm using the contact details in Section 1 of this PDS

3.8 Pricing Model

You may only trade in and out of Lux Trading Firm Products by using Lux Trading Firm prices. Lux Trading Firm offers prices based on a market making pricing model where the price available to Lux Trading Firm is derived from its dealings with its Hedge Counterparties.

Lux Trading Firm may hedge its exposure to clients with Lux Trading Firm Products at any time on or after the time it issues the Lux Trading Firm Products and may later change that at any time. Lux Trading Firm hedges with its Hedge Counterparty (not by placing orders directly into the market). Lux Trading Firm Hedge Counterparty takes the other side of the transaction it makes with Lux Trading Firm and it in turn may choose not to place its hedge contacts directly in the market or it might hedge directly into the market.

Lux Trading Firm Bid and Ask prices to you are based on the corresponding prices offered by the Hedge Counterparty to Lux Trading Firm, which generally (but is not limited to) is derived from the underlying markets. Generally the prices of Lux Trading Firm Products are set on the Online Trading Platform to give competitive pricing but you should be aware that Lux Trading Firm is responsible for setting the prices of opening and closing Lux Trading Firm Products and

Lux Trading Firm does not act as your agent to find you the best prices.

3.9 Equity CFD-Dividends

If you hold a long Equity CFD, you will be credited with an amount equal to the gross unfranked dividend on the relevant number of the Equity CFD's Underlying Reference Instruments on the Pay Date (Equity CFD do not confer rights to any dividend imputation credits).

Conversely, if you hold a short Equity CFD, your Trading Account will be debited an amount equal to the gross unfranked dividend on the Underlying Reference Instruments on the Pay Date.

3.10 Equity CFD-Corporate Actions

If there is a corporate action by the company which issues the Equity CFD's Underlying Reference Instrument to which the Equity CFD relates, Lux Trading Firm may in its discretion make an adjustment to the Equity CFD in accordance with the terms of the Trading Account and aims to place the parties substantially in the same economic position they would have been in had the adjustment event not occurred. For example, an adjustment will ordinarily be made for: subdivisions; consolidations; reclassifications of shares; bonus issues; other issues of shares for no consideration; rights issues; buy backs; in specie distributions; takeovers, schemes of arrangement or similar corporate actions; a corporate action event that has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the market value of the shares. You may not direct Lux Trading Firm how to act on a corporate action or other shareholder benefit.

Lux Trading Firm may also elect to close an Equity CFD if the Equity CFD's Underlying Reference Instruments are the subject of a take-over offer, scheme of arrangement or other mechanism for change in control, prior to the closing date of the offer.



Equity CFD do not entitle you to direct Lux Trading Firm on how to exercise any voting rights in connection with the Equity CFD's Underlying Reference Instrument such as shares.

Clients should be aware that some exchanges purge orders in securities that undergo corporate actions.

3.11 Equity CFD - No shareholder benefits

As a holder of an Equity CFD, if the Equity CFD relates to a security over listed equities, you do not have rights to vote, receive franking credits, attend meetings or receive the issuer's reports, nor can you direct Lux Trading Firm to act on those rights. Other benefits such as participation in shareholder purchase plans or discounts are unavailable.

3.12 Payments and Client Moneys

Here is a simplified summary of payments when you invest in Lux Trading Firm Products. A detailed explanation follows some of the scenarios further below, so please use this simplified summary as an introductory overview before reading the greater detail which follows later in this Section.

A. Establishing Lux Trading Firm Products Position

1) Payment of your moneys Into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account

Moneys paid by you to Lux Trading Firm for Lux Trading Firm Products are initially deposited into a trust account maintained by Lux Trading Firm which is: referred to in this PDS as the 'Lux Trading Firm Trust Account'.

Paying your moneys into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account is not payment to Lux Trading Firm for your positions. Put another way, you do not satisfy your payment obligations to Lux Trading Firm merely by having your moneys in the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account.

For so long as your moneys remain in the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account, they are held in trust for you and, pursuant to the Financial Product Service Terms, cannot be counted as payment for or credit for your Account (unless Lux Trading Firm chooses to waive this) prior to withdrawing the funds from the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account.

Lux Trading Firm may choose to credit your Trading Account with your payment Lux Trading Firm Trust Account. This may be done as an advantage to Clients to facilitate dealing in Lux Trading Firm Products having regard to available banking payment procedures, but if that is done by Lux Trading Firm it should not be expected or be relied upon as always going to be done by Lux Trading Firm.

2) Lux Trading Firm Trust Account

The moneys paid by you into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account are held in trust for you and are segregated from Lux Trading Firm own funds.

You should be aware that, generally, for trust accounts such as the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account:

- Individual Clients do not have separate or segregated accounts.
- All Clients' moneys are combined into one account.

3) Withdrawal from Lux Trading Firm Trust Account

Moneys are withdrawn from the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account either to pay Lux Trading Firm or to pay you. You make your deposit by using the unique client reference number we give to you for your Trading Account.

If you do not use the client reference number when making your deposit, Lux Trading Firm may ask you to confirm your direction before we can credit your Account to enable you to enter into a Transaction.



You are free to decide that it is more prudent for you to pay more than the required minimum Margin in respect of Lux Trading Firm Products to reduce your risks from leveraging or to avoid any future time limits for meeting later Margin requirements that you cannot meet. Also, you need to pay Lux Trading Firm before you trade (holding moneys in Lux Trading Firm Trust Account is not payment to Lux Trading Firm).

B. Margin Call payments

Here are the key features of Margining which are explained further in this Section:

- Margin is your payment to Lux Trading Firm for the Lux Trading Firm Product to be issued to you. The amount of Margin you pay (after it is withdrawn from the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account) is credited to your Trading Account.
- When you have Open Positions, you are also liable to meet all calls for Margin.

Margin Call obligation

- You are also liable to meet all calls for Margin for your Trading Account.
- There is no limit as to when you need to meet Margin calls, how often you may be called or the amount of the Margin calls.

- The timing and amount of each Margin call for your Trading Account will depend on movements in the market price of the Open Positions and the changes to the Equity.

- You have an obligation to meet the Margin call even if Lux Trading Firm cannot successfully contact you.

- You have a risk of all of your Lux Trading Firm Products being Closed Out if you do not meet the requirement to meet a Margin call.

- This obligation (to meet Margin calls) is in addition to your obligation to maintain positive Free Margin for your Trading Account.

Maintaining minimum Margin obligation

- Apart from your Margin call obligations, it is your obligation to monitor the minimum amount of Margin required for your Account.

- It is your obligation to maintain the minimum required Margin at all times for so long as you have an Open Position in a Lux Trading Firm Product, which means you must ensure that the Free Margin amount is positive at all times.

- Lux Trading Firm is not obliged to notify (outside of Online Trading Platform) you about the amount of your Free Margin, though we may do so by email, telephone call or otherwise, as a courtesy.

- You have a risk of your Lux Trading Firm Products being Closed Out if you do not have in your Account sufficient Margin credited to it, regardless of whether you have checked your Account's requirement for minimum Margin or whether you have tried to make a payment but it has not been credited to your Account.

Margin policy

Lux Trading Firm applies the following main Margin principles:

- Each Client is required to pay a minimum required amount of Margin before issuance of Lux Trading Firm Products.

The minimum amount is determined by Lux Trading Firm based on a number of factors, including the market price of the underlying market, the Margin required to hedge the underlying market, the margin which Lux Trading Firm is required to pay its Hedge Counterparty, Lux Trading Firm risk assessment of the



Client, and any unrealised loss on your Trading Account at any point in time.

- Each Client is required to pay Margin before issuance of the Lux Trading Firm Products in order to minimise credit risk to Lux Trading Firm and that therefore benefits all Clients.
- Each Client is required to pay the minimum required Margin even if Lux Trading Firm pays less (or nothing) to its Hedge Counterparty. This is to minimise the risk of any one Client materially benefiting from other Clients.
- Each Client's Account is promptly adjusted for Margin requirements according to market movement so that no Client is intentionally materially benefited from other Clients' trading. This could occur if, for example, the Client's Margin requirements are not adjusted in line with market changes or the credit risk on the Client.
- Each Client is required to pay Margin calls promptly and that is managed with in the requirements of the Margin policy, so that no Client receives any material benefit or waiver which imprudently jeopardises Lux Trading Firm and therefore increases the risks of other Clients to Lux Trading Firm.

Paying Margin

As explained earlier in this PDS, you must pay the Initial Margin before the Lux Trading Firm Product is issued to you.

You must then maintain the minimum amount of Margin required by us. Separately, you must pay any further Margin when we require.

To pay Margin you must first deposit the funds into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account.

Leverage Rates

The full list of Leverage Rates for the Online Trading Platform applicable to the various Lux Trading Firm

Products is available on the Online Trading Platform or by contacting Lux Trading Firm.

The Leverage Rates for the Lux Trading Firm Products traded on Online Trading Platform is set at the default being 1:100. This can also be expressed as percentage being 1%. Clients can request to have the Leverage Rates increased up to 1:500 which needs to be approved by Lux Trading Firm depending on the Client's suitability considerations.

How are Margin requirements and Free Margin calculated?

Lux Trading Firm sets as detailed above the Leverage Rates used to calculate the amount of the Initial Margin requirements and, at any later time, may require more Margin to maintain the required amount of Free Margin.

The Initial Margin requirements will be set by Lux Trading Firm and calculated by applying the Leverage Rates expressed as a percentage of the Contract

Value of the relevant Lux Trading Firm Product at the time the Lux Trading Firm Product is established or a fixed dollar amount.

The Margin requirements if expressed as a percentage may be adjusted based on the Contract Value of the relevant Lux Trading Firm Product at the Current Market Price.

Ordinarily the Initial Margin requirements are calculated to cover the maximum expected movement in the market at any time but the Margin requirement will change when the market changes and so might not be sufficient in all circumstances. Owing to the volatility of the market, the amount of minimum Free Margin required to maintain your Open Positions may change after a position has been opened. You need to ensure the Free Margin is positive at all times.

Therefore you should be aware that you can reach the stage of not having enough Equity (because the Lux Trading Firm Products being marked to market) to



the extent that your Account's Free Margin is or becomes negative.

In this case you have not satisfied your obligation to maintain the minimum Margin requirements. The change in valuation of your Lux Trading Firm Products by marking to market is automatic so your Free Margin can become negative quickly, reflecting the rapid changes in the market values.

In order to return your Free Margin to positive, i.e., to satisfy the minimum Margin requirements, you may:

- Close Out existing positions to reduce your Margin requirements; or
- pay additional funds as Margin for your Account; or
- a combination of the above.

If these actions taken are not sufficient to return your Free Margin to positive then you risk all or some of your positions being automatically Closed Out.

Under the Financial Product Service Terms, your obligation to pay Margin arises from the time you have an Open Position. If the market moves so the Free Margin is negative, or Lux Trading Firm increases the initial Margin requirement, you immediately owe the required Margin, regardless of if or when we contact you to pay more Margin.

Your obligation to maintain the minimum required Margin i.e. ensuring the Free Margin amount is positive remains at all times, whether or not we contact you and whether or not you log into your Account.

You will be required to provide the required Margin whether or not you receive a Margin call. In other words, you are responsible for monitoring your positions and providing the required level of Margin. You might receive notice about Margin requirements by email, SMS message or, when you access your Trading Account online, by pop-up messages on your

screen, but you need to provide the Margin whether or not you receive notice.

The value of your Lux Trading Firm Product positions is ordinarily marked to market on a continuous basis, which automatically leads to corresponding changes in Free Margin requirements for your Account. (Note, of course, that if the underlying market is not trading then the value might not change until the market re-opens and there might be a gap in prices/values at the time of re-opening.)

Here is an example of calculating Free Margin: You deposit \$8,000 and you pay Lux Trading Firm in order for your Trading Account to be credited with \$8,000. You enter into Lux Trading Firm Products and Lux Trading Firm requires you to deposit Initial Margin of \$7,000. A short time later, there are fluctuations in the market and your un realised loss on your Account is \$2,000. As a result, your Free Margin is negative \$1,000. In this case, you will need to make a Margin payment to Lux Trading Firm for \$1,000 (or adjust your open positions).

Margin calls

Apart from your obligation to maintain the required amount of Margin, you are also obliged to meet Margin calls by paying the required amount by the time stipulated in the Margin call.

- If no time is stipulated, payment is required within 24 hours of the Margin call being made. Sometimes, however (such as in unusually volatile market conditions or rapidly falling market prices), little or no time may be stipulated for paying a Margin call (that is, immediate payment is required) or more than one Margin call may be made on the one day including at weekends or outside of local business hours.
- If you do not answer the telephone on the number you give us, or you do not read the emailed Margin call which was sent to the email address you gave us, you remain liable to meet the Margin call. That is why you need to be contactable 24 hours a day, 7 days a week



Your Margin defaults

If you do not ensure that you maintain the required level of Margin or meet your obligation to pay Margin calls (even those requiring immediate payment), all of your positions may be Closed Out and the resulting realised loss deducted from any proceeds. Any losses resulting from Closing Out your Open Positions will be debited to your Trading Account(s) and you may be required to provide additional funds to Lux Trading Firm to cover any shortfall. If you are trading through an Online Trading Platform, you must read the rules of the platform particularly carefully. If you do not comply with your obligations, all of your Open Positions can be Closed Out automatically.

It is your responsibility to pay your Margin and meet Margin call payments on time and in cleared funds, so please keep in mind the possibility of delays in the banking and payments systems. If your payment is not credited by Lux Trading Firm by the time you are required to have the necessary Margin or meet the Margin call, you could lose some or all of your positions. Lux Trading Firm may but need not give you any grace period. You should maintain a prudent level of Margin and make payments in sufficient time to be credited to your Account. Please see 'Margin risks' in Section 4.

Accounts can be funded by electronic funds transfer from your account or from your credit/ debit card.

C. Free Margin

If you (as our Client) have excess Margin, i.e., the Free Margin amount is positive and you request payment of an amount not exceeding the Balance on your Trading Account.

3.13 Lux Trading Firm Product Order Types

Different types of Orders are available on the different Online Trading Platforms. You will be able to find out information about Orders that apply on the Online Trading Platform when you log in. This

information is also available in the "Help" section of the Online Trading Platform. The following are examples of Order types that may be available to you. If you have any questions, please contact Lux Trading Firm.

Important notice about this Section

When you submit a request to place one of the types of Orders described in this Section, Lux Trading Firm has discretion as to whether or not to accept and execute any such Order. We will, at our discretion, accept or reject placement of any Orders.

Limit Order

Limit Orders are commonly used to enter and exit a market at predefined levels. The Online Trading Platform does not allow you to place limit orders at a specified price within a certain number of points of the current price.

- Limit Orders to buy are placed below the current price and are executed when the "ask" price hits or breaches the price level specified.
- Limit Orders to sell are placed above the current price and are executed when the Bid price breaches the price level specified.

When a limit Order is triggered, it is filled as soon as possible at the price obtainable on the market. Note that the price at which your Order is filled may differ from the price you set for the Order.

Market Order

A market order is an Order to buy or sell at the current price as soon as possible i.e., if the market is closed, the Order may not be entered into the market until the market opens.

Stop-loss Order

Lux Trading Firm may, in its discretion, accept an Order from you to enter or exit Lux Trading Firm Products if the price moves to or beyond a level



specified by you. This is known as a 'stop-loss Order'. The Online Trading Platform may not allow you to place Stop-loss Orders at a specified price within a certain number of points of the current price.

You would generally choose to place a Stop-loss Order to provide some risk protection or to enter a moving market. Stop-loss Orders are commonly used to exit positions and to protect investments in the event that the market moves against an Open Position.

For example, if your Open Position moves towards making a loss based on a level chosen by you, the Stop-loss Order would be triggered in order to try to close your Open Position or to open a position, depending on the Transaction you have.

- Stop-loss Orders to sell are placed below the current market level and your Stop-loss Order would be executed i.e., triggered if the market trades against you to a point that is beyond the stop-loss level specified by you (and accepted by Us).
- Conversely, Stop-loss Orders to buy are placed above the current market level and your Stop-loss Order would be executed i.e., triggered, if the market trades against you to a point that is beyond the stop-loss level specified by you (and accepted by us).

Note that Stop-loss Orders may not be executed at all and the execution of the Stop-loss Order is subject to market volatility and slippage.

All Stop-loss Orders are subject to agreement by us, so you can not be assured that you will always be able to have a Stop-loss Order. While Lux Trading Firm has absolute discretion whether to accept a Stop-loss Order, it will generally try to do so, subject to market conditions and the reasonableness of your Stop-loss Order. Your Stop-loss Order may be unreasonable if, for example, the level you have specified is beyond the level allowed for Orders for the underlying market.

Even if we accept your Stop-loss Order, market conditions may move against you in a way that prevents execution of your Stop-loss Order. For example, in volatile markets, our quoted prices might gap through your Stop-loss Order level, so that the closing level of quotes may be beyond the exact level specified by you. A gap in market prices can occur without any apparent reason or at any time. Additionally, it may be that not all of the

Stop-loss Order can be fulfilled because the underlying market does not have enough buyers and sellers in the volume of the underlying market to allow Lux Trading Firm to hedge its transactions which it makes in order to completely fulfil your Stop-loss Order. If the opening price of the underlying market is beyond the level of your Stop-loss Order, your Order will be filled at the opening level, not at your Stop-loss Order level.

Trailing Stop Order

A sell trailing stop Order sets the stop price below the market price with an attached trailing amount. As the market price rises, the stop price rises by the trail amount, but if the stock price falls, the stop-loss price does not change, and a market order is submitted when the stop price is hit. This technique is designed to allow an investor to specify a limit on the maximum possible loss, without setting a limit on the maximum possible gain. "Buy" trailing stop Orders are the mirror image of sell trailing stop Orders, and are most appropriate for use in falling markets.

When setting the stop price you should be careful not to set it too close to the current market price being the price available to Lux Trading Firm from being its only Hedge Counterparty, especially in a volatile market, since the stop price might be hit before the price starts to go up/down as you expect. On the other hand you should carefully consider how much you can afford to lose, if your prediction does not hold.

In any case, the Stop-loss Order of any kind is not a guarantee that it will actually be made. This is the



case with any Order you place (and which is accepted by Lux Trading Firm) as long as it is made in accordance with the Financial Product Service Terms.

3.14 Risk Limits

Lux Trading Firm seeks to have the discretion and automatically closing positions at the current market value being the value available to Lux Trading Firm from Hedge Counterparty, this is also sometimes referred to as the stop out level and the stop out level depends on the Online Trading Platform. This is an internal process only and not a contractual term or assurance to you that any internal risk limit will avoid or minimise your losses on your Account. You should not rely on this as a loss limiting tool for your Account.

Lux Trading Firm may, in its discretion, choose to impose a lower stop out level from time to time and later to vary that stop out level. This is an internal risk management decision of Lux Trading Firm.

You should always set your own risk limits and monitor your positions.

For example the automatic closing of positions on the Meta Trader Online Trading Platform will occur if the Margin Level falls below the Margin Closeout Level being 20%.

3.15 Rolling over or swapping

Spot FX Contracts and Spot Metals Contracts, Indices, CFD Equity and Cryptocurrency Contracts are 'rolled over' or "swapped" (depending on which term applies to your particular Transaction - see the Online Trading Platform which you have chosen). If your position is rolled (or 'swapped') to the next Value Date, you will receive a benefit or bear a cost on your original traded amount.

As a general rule, the following applies to Spot FX Contracts: if you buy a currency with a higher interest rate than the currency you sell then you will receive a benefit at rollover. If you sell a currency with a higher interest rate than the currency you buy then you will incur a cost at rollover.

For example:

If you have bought AUD/USD position (ie. you have bought the Australian Dollar against the US Dollar) and interest rates are higher in Australia than in the USA, your Transaction will receive a benefit i.e., the interest differential between the two currencies if you do not Close Out the position before the settlement time. Your Transaction will receive the interest rate differential whilst the position remains open for holding the higher yielding currency.

However, if you have bought AUD/USD position and the USA interest rate is higher than the Australian interest rate, your Transaction will bear a cost i.e., the interest differential between the two currencies if you do not Close Out the position before the settlement time. Your Transaction will be charged the interest rate differential whilst the position remains open for holding the lower yielding currency.

The benefit or cost can either be directly debited or credited to your Trading Account balance as a Finance Charge adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment or reflected in the price at which the open position is rolled forward i.e. it is included in the price (or rate at which the contract is rolled).

Lux Trading Firm Products in respect of open Spot FX Contracts and Spot Metals Contracts, Indices, CFD Equity and Cryptocurrency Contracts held Overnight will incur a Finance Charge Adjustment or Finance Credit Adjustment, refer to Section 5.4 under 'Finance Charge Adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment'.

3.16 Your Counterparty Risk on Lux Trading Firm

When you deal in Lux Trading Firm Products, you have a counterparty risk on Lux Trading Firm. An element



of counterparty risk is 'credit risk" and this in turn is impacted by the "limited recourse" feature of Lux Trading Firm Products, so you should consider your credit risk on Lux Trading Firm having the financial resources at the time to pay you the amounts it owes you. The risk on Lux Trading Firm is mitigated by Lux Trading Firm hedging its Lux Trading Firm Products.

Your credit risk on Lux Trading Firm

You have credit risk on Lux Trading Firm when your Equity (see the glossary in Section 7) has a net credit balance.

Your credit risk on Lux Trading Firm:

- depends on the overall solvency of Lux Trading Firm, which is affected by Lux Trading Firm' risk management;
- is affected by your limited recourse against Lux Trading Firm.

Risks from Lux Trading Firm Hedge Counterparty

It is possible that Lux Trading Firm Hedge Counterparty may become insolvent or it is possible that other counterparties to the Hedge Counterparty may cause a default which reduces the financial resources or capacity for the Hedge Counterparty to perform its obligations owed to Lux Trading Firm under the hedge contracts.

Lux Trading Firm does not have control of the Hedge Counterparty's trading and Lux Trading Firm is not responsible for the solvency or trading of Hedge

Counterparty nor is Lux Trading Firm obliged to guarantee the solvency of Hedge Counterparty, therefore Lux Trading Firm remains exposed to its Hedge Counterparty, in respect of its hedge contracts with Lux Trading Firm..

Since Lux Trading Firm is liable to you as principal on the Lux Trading Firm Product, Lux Trading Firm could be exposed to the insolvency of its Hedge

Counterparty or other defaults which affect the Hedge Counterparty.

Limited Recourse

Lux Trading Firm limits its liability to you (as a Client) under the terms of the Lux Trading Firm Products by the extent to which Lux Trading Firm actually recovers against its Hedge Counterparty, and allocates the proceeds to your Lux Trading Firm Products. Put another way, if, after paying to you out of trust accounts amounts to which you are entitled or additional amounts which Lux Trading Firm chooses to pay to you, there remains any shortfall owing to you, then Lux Trading Firm liability for that may be satisfied only by the extent to which Lux Trading Firm is able to recover from its Hedge Counterparty.

It is therefore possible that Lux Trading Firm might not fully recover from the Hedge Counterparty due to reasons not arising from your own Lux Trading Firm Products, or it may incur costs in seeking the recovery or choose to terminate recovery efforts early, thereby reducing the proceeds available to Lux Trading Firm to allocate in its discretion to your Lux Trading Firm Product.

It is important to understand that you have no rights or beneficial interest in any product which Lux Trading Firm has with its Hedge Counterparty and you can not force Lux Trading Firm to make any decision about seeking recovery against Lux Trading Firm Hedge Counterparty. Lux Trading Firm does not have the power to control its Hedge Counterparty and has no guarantee of financial support from it. You are dependent on Lux Trading Firm taking any action to seek recovery. Lux Trading Firm has complete discretion as to how it pursues that action, although Lux Trading Firm would act honestly, fairly and efficiently in determining if and how to pursue that recovery action.

Broadly this is economically comparable with the same risk you would face if you were to deal in the market directly with the same Hedge Counterparty



and incur your own costs of seeking recovery, perhaps in overseas jurisdictions.

By dealing in these Lux Trading Firm Products, you get the benefit of Lux Trading Firm obligation to you as issuer of the Lux Trading Firm Products and the benefit of Lux Trading Firm dealing with a market participant who might not ordinarily deal with you directly.

Solvency of Lux Trading Firm

The risks you have by dealing with Lux Trading Firm (due to Lux Trading Firm being paid all of your moneys deposited into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account and Lux Trading Firm can not be simplistically assessed by reference to historical financial information about Lux Trading Firm or its Hedge Counterparty or general statements of principle.

The credit risk you have on Lux Trading Firm depends on its solvency generally, as well as on the amount (and kind) of its capitalisation, its cash flow, all of its business risks, its Client and security concentration risks, its counterparty risks for all of its business and transactions (not just the Lux Trading Firm Products), its risk management systems and actual implementation of that risk management, the limited recourse you have.

Your credit risk on Lux Trading Firm will fluctuate throughout the day and from day to day, including due to its risk on the Hedge Counterparty, whose credit risk to Lux Trading Firm (and so indirectly to you) cannot be assessed or verified on a continuous basis or perhaps reliably at all.

You should take into account all of those factors and not rely only on past financial statements since that could be materially incomplete information for your purposes, not current and therefore potentially misleading as a guide to the current solvency and creditworthiness of Lux Trading Firm.

Hedge Counterparty risk

Lux Trading Firm will decide on its Hedge Counterparty on a case by case basis.

You should note that:

■ Lux Trading Firm is not responsible or liable for Hedge Counterparty's trading so Lux Trading Firm does not guarantee or assure the financial performance of any Hedge Counterparty including its hedge contracts with Lux Trading Firm.

- No Hedge Counterparty has been involved in the preparation of this PDS nor authorised any statement made in this PDS relating to it.
- A Hedge Counterparty has no contractual or other legal relationship with you as holder of the Lux Trading Firm Products. Hedge Counterparty is not liable to you and you have no legal recourse against Hedge Counterparty (because Lux Trading Firm acts as principal to you and not as agent) nor can you require Lux Trading Firm to take action against Hedge Counterparty.
- Lux Trading Firm gives no assurance as to the solvency or performance of any Hedge Counterparty. Lux Trading Firm does not make any express or implied statement about the solvency or credit rating of any Hedge Counterparty.
- The regulation of a Hedge Counterparty is no assurance of the credit quality of the Hedge Counterparty or of any regulated or voluntary scheme for meeting the claims of creditors of the Hedge Counterparty.
- The credit quality of the Hedge Counterparty can change quickly. Lux Trading Firm is not able to make assessments of the credit quality of its Hedge Counterparty which it can disclose and reports by independent credit rating agencies may not be available because of their lack of consent or because they are not licensed to allow such reports to be cited in PDS given to retail clients.



- If Lux Trading Firm becomes aware that material information about the Hedge Counterparty changes or a significant matter later changes, Lux Trading Firm will issue a supplementary product disclosure statement, or a new product disclosure statement. If the new information is not materially adverse to you, Lux Trading Firm will provide the updated information on its website.

Lux Trading Firm is not authorised to set out in this PDS any further information published by the Hedge Counterparty and Lux Trading Firm takes no responsibility for third-party information about the Hedge Counterparty which may be available to you. If you require information about the Hedge Counterparty used by Lux Trading Firm before deciding whether to invest in Lux Trading Firm Products, the information is available on the Lux Trading Firm website. Lux Trading Firm will also reasonably assist you to locate such other information as is publicly available to Lux Trading Firm.

Section 4 - Significant Risks

Using Lux Trading Firm Products involves a number of significant risks. You should seek independent advice and consider carefully whether Lux Trading Firm Products are appropriate for you given your experience, financial objectives, needs and circumstances.

4.1 Significant Risks

You should consider these key risks involved in Lux Trading Firm Products:

Key Risks	Important Issues
Loss from Leverage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lux Trading Firm Products have leverage which can lead to large losses as well as large gains. The high degree of leverage in Lux Trading Firm Products can work against you as well as for you.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The leveraging in Lux Trading Firm Product gives a moderate to high risk of a loss larger than the amounts you pay Lux Trading Firm as Margin. It can also cause volatile fluctuations in the Margin requirements.
Lux Trading Firm Products may have unlimited loss	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• There is a moderate to high risk of your potential loss being unlimited if the market moves against you.• You can minimise the risk of losses by monitoring your Open Positions and Closing Out the positions before losses arise.
Key Risks	Important Issues
Client moneys may be withdrawn	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The money which you pay into the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account may be withdrawn in a number of circumstances.• Moneys withdrawn from the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account are either to pay Lux Trading Firm or to pay you. Moneys withdrawn to pay Lux Trading Firm are Lux Trading Firm moneys (and are not held for you). Once your moneys are withdrawn from the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account you become an unsecured creditor of Lux Trading Firm to the extent of any credit balance you have and you lose all of the protections you had when your client moneys are in the Lux Trading Firm Trust Account. The features of these risks to you are described in Section 3.
Margin risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• You must be able to pay to Lux Trading Firm the amount of required Margin as and when required, otherwise all of your Transactions (including Lux Trading Firm Products) may be Closed Out



	<p>without notice to you. Margin requirements are highly likely to change continuously, in line with market movements in the underlying market.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• You should consider there is a high risk of Margin requirements changing and changing at times very rapidly. There is a moderate to high risk that if the market value of the underlying market moves rapidly against you, you will be required to pay more Margin on little or no notice. If you do not meet those requirements, your positions (including Lux Trading Firm Products) can be automatically Closed Out.	<p>risk</p> <p>Section 6.1 under 'Account Currency" for a further description) can expose you to foreign exchange risks between the time the Transaction is entered into and the time the relevant conversion of currencies occurs. Foreign exchange markets can change rapidly. This exposes you to adverse changes in the value of your Trading Account which can be large (depending on foreign exchange rates) and volatile. This will directly affect the value of Lux Trading Firm Products positions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• You can minimise this risk by selecting Lux Trading Firm Products with foreign exchange exposure that you are prepared to incur and to monitor.
Key Risks	Important Issues	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• You can minimise your risk of losing your positions (including Lux Trading Firm Products) after failing to meet Margin requirements by carefully selecting the type and amount of Lux Trading Firm Products to suit your needs, monitoring the positions, maintaining a prudent level of cash balance in your Account and providing sufficient Margin within the time required by Lux Trading Firm. Please see Section 3.12 under 'Payments and Client moneys" subheading "Detailed explanation of Margining on Lux Trading Firm Products" not meet those requirements, your positions (including Lux Trading Firm Products) can be automatically Closed Out.	
Foreign exchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Foreign currency conversions required for your Account (see	



	<p>prudently and requesting payment to you of any surplus in your Account which is not required for prudent Margin management, however this may increase your Margin risk resulting in all of your positions to be Closed Out. Please see Section 3.16 under "Your Counterparty Risk on Lux Trading Firm".</p>		<p>carefully and closing your Open Positions before unacceptable losses arise.</p>
Limited Recourse	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lux Trading Firm limits its liability to you under the terms of the Lux Trading Firm Products by the extent to which Lux Trading Firm actually recovers against its only Hedge Counterparty and allocates that to your Lux Trading Firm Products.• This key risk is linked to 'counterparty risk'. Both limited recourse and counterparty risks are further explained in Section 3 under 'Your Counterparty Risk on Lux Trading Firm'.	Not a regulated market	<p>The Lux Trading Firm Products offered by Lux Trading Firm are over the counter products and so are not covered by the rules for an exchange. Over-the-counter financial products, such as Lux Trading Firm Products, by their nature do not have an established liquid market with numerous participants. If you want to exit your Lux Trading Firm Products, you rely on Lux Trading Firm's ability to Close Out at the time you wish, which might not match the underlying market's liquidity or price. You can reduce your risk by carefully reading this PDS, the Financial Product Service Terms and taking independent advice on the legal and financial aspects relevant to you.</p>
		Market disruptions	<p>A market disruption may mean that you may be unable to deal in Lux Trading Firm Products when desired, and you may suffer a loss as a result of that.</p>

4.2 Significant Risks

You should consider these significant risks involved in Lux Trading Firm Products:

Key Risks	Important issues
Market risk	OTC trading is highly speculative and volatile. There is a high risk that market prices will move such that the value of your Lux Trading Firm Products can be significantly less than the amount you invested in them. There is no guarantee or assurance that you will make profits, or not make losses, or that unrealised profits or losses will remain unchanged. You can reduce your risk by understanding the market relevant to your Lux Trading Firm Products, monitoring your Lux Trading Firm Products positions

Key Risks	Important Issues
Cryptocurrencies trading risk	Trading Cryptocurrencies carries a high level of risk and may not be suitable for all traders. Before deciding to trade CFDS on Cryptocurrencies you should carefully consider your trading objectives, level of experience and risk appetite. The possibility exists that you could sustain a loss of some or all of your Initial Margin and therefore you should not trade with money that you cannot afford to lose. You should be aware and carefully consider



	whether such trading is appropriate for you	
Orders and gapping	<p>It may become difficult or impossible for you to Close Out a position. This can, for example, happen when there is a significant change in the Lux Trading Firm Products value over a short period. There is a moderate to high risk of this occurring as a result of market volatility. Lux Trading Firm ability to Close Out Lux Trading Firm Products depends on the Current Market Price. Stop-loss Orders may not always be filled and, even if placed, may not limit your losses to the amount specified in the Order, since they are not guarantees that there will be no loss. You should consider placing stop-loss or other Orders that limit your losses but also closely monitor your Account and the relevant market in case the Stop-loss Order is not fully filled or filled at all and you need to take further action to limit your losses. For further information, see Section 3.13 under 'Lux Trading Firm Product Order Types' subheading "Stop-loss Orders".</p>	<p>requirements and so you may suffer loss as a result.</p> <p>Lux Trading Firm may also suspend the operation of the Online Trading Platform or any part of it, without prior notice to you. Although this is considered to be a low risk since it would usually only happen in unforeseen and extreme market situations, Lux Trading Firm has discretion in determining when to do this. If the Online Trading Platform is suspended, you may have difficulty contacting Lux Trading Firm, you may not be able to contact Lux Trading Firm at all, or your Orders may not be able to be executed at prices quoted to you.</p> <p>There is a moderate to high risk that Lux Trading Firm will impose volume limits on Client accounts or filters on trading, which could prevent or delay execution of your Orders, at your risk. You have no recourse against Lux Trading Firm in relation to the availability or otherwise of the Online Trading Platforms, nor for their errors and software. Please review the terms and any guidance material for any particular Online Trading Platform.</p>

Key Risks	Important Issues
Online Trading Platform	You are responsible for the means by which you access the Online Trading Platform or your other contact with Lux Trading Firm. If you are unable to access the Online Trading Platform, it may mean that you are unable to trade in Lux Trading Firm Products (including closing them out) or you might not be aware of the current Margin

Key Risks	Important Issues
Conflicts	Trading with Lux Trading Firm for its Lux Trading Firm Products carries an automatic risk of actual conflicts of interests



	<p>because Lux Trading Firm is acting as principal in its Lux Trading Firm Products with you and Lux Trading Firm sets the price of the Lux Trading Firm Products.</p> <p>The policy used by Lux Trading Firm is that as principal it issues the Lux Trading Firm Products to you based on the price it gives you, not by acting as broker to you. Lux Trading Firm obtains its price by dealing with its Hedge Counterparty.</p> <p>You can reduce the risks to you of unfavorable pricing or opaque pricing (meaning it is unclear how it relates to the underlying market) by monitoring the underlying market and Lux Trading Firm pricing compared with other similar OTC contracts which have comparable terms.</p>
Valuations	<p>The Lux Trading Firm Products are valued by Lux Trading Firm. While there are no specific limits on Lux Trading Firm discretions, Lux Trading Firm must comply with its obligations as a licensee to act efficiently, honestly and fairly. You therefore have the risk of relying on whatever value is determined by Lux Trading Firm in the circumstances permitted by the Financial Product Service Terms.</p>

Key Risks	Important Issues
Operational risk	<p>There is always operational risk in Lux Trading Firm Products. For example, disruptions in operational processes such as communications, computers and computer networks, or external events may lead to delays in the execution and settlement of a transaction.</p> <p>We are not liable to you if losses arise owing to delays, errors or failures in operational processes outside our control, in particular, due to faults in the Online Trading Platform or in the provision of data by third parties.</p>

Section 5-Costs, Fees and Charges

5.1 Costs, Fees and Charges

Lux Trading Firm derives a financial benefit by entering into other transactions with other persons at different rates from those charged to the Client.

All costs, fees and charges are charged in the Account Currency selected, unless otherwise specified.

Details of the costs, fees and charges which have been charged are included in your statement. This is made available as an online report that can be accessed via your Online Trading Platform or emailed or mailed to you that you can access and print upon demand.

Lux Trading Firm accepts credit/debit card payments made by Visa and MasterCard and China Union Pay credit/debit cards.



If there is a chargeback on your Account, you may be responsible for covering any reversed payments and chargeback fees.

Please note that your bank may treat payments by credit card as a cash advance, which may incur additional fees, so you should contact your bank to confirm if this applies.

5.2 Lux Trading Firm Product Transaction Fees

Lux Trading Firm may charge a Transaction Fee (which may be described as 'commission" on the platform) on each Lux Trading Firm Product that is executed. Our rates vary depending on the type and level of service required, and the frequency and size of Transactions.

Fee per contract

The greater of:

- the amount that is calculated by multiplying the amount of Lux Trading Firm Products traded by the individual charge per contract; and
- a minimum Transaction Fee or a minimum ticket Transaction Fee depending on the ticket size.

The Transaction Fee that you will be actually charged is disclosed on your statement.

The fee accrues immediately upon execution of the Transaction, i.e., when you Open or Close the Lux Trading Firm Product. The Transaction Fee will either be reflected in the execution price as an additional component to the spread pricing or separately, ie, not included in the spread pricing.

Please remember that because you are required to trade a Lux Trading Firm Product to Close Out the existing Lux Trading Firm Product Open Position there may be a Transaction Fee on the Lux Trading Firm Product used to close the position.

5.3 Margin

The Margin amount that you would be required to pay is determined by Lux Trading Firm depending on the specific contract details. Since there is a large variety of potential Margin amounts and they can change at any time, this is made available on the Online Trading Platform or you can contact Lux Trading Firm for an indication of the Margin that will be charged for the particular Lux Trading Firm Products.

Please also see the worked examples for further information on how the Margin works.

The total amount of dollar Margin Requirement utilised is displayed for all the Open Positions transacted on the Online Trading Platform.

5.4 Costs, Fees and Charges

Finance Charge Adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment on Long/Short Spot FX Contracts and Spot Metals Contracts

Lux Trading Firm in respect of open Spot FX Contracts and Spot Metals Contracts held Overnight will incur a Finance Charge Adjustment or Finance Credit Adjustment.

The calculation for an overnight Finance Charge Adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment for each day that a long or short Spot FX Contract and Spot Metal Contract is held Overnight is as follows:

$$F - S * L * P$$

F - Daily Finance Charge Adjustment (if negative) / Finance Credit Adjustment (if positive)

S - Swap Rate (positive or negative) for 1 day

L - Number of lots



P - Pip Value in Account Currency based upon 1 Lot

Examples:

If you hold a short 200,000 EUR/USD position Overnight and the Account Currency is USD, then the Daily Finance Charge is USD-2.80 - -0.14 (Swap Rate) * 2 (Lots) USD10 (Pip Value)

If you hold a long 100,000 USD/JPY position Overnight and the Account Currency is USD, then the Daily Finance Charge is -0.39 USD -0.03 (Swap Rate) * 1 (Lots) *13 USD (Pip Value)

Finance Charge Adjustment/ Finance Credit Adjustment on long/ short Equity CFDs, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts

If you hold a long position Overnight you will pay a Finance Charge Adjustment or if you hold a short position overnight you will receive a Finance Credit Adjustment one the Equity CFD, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts Open Positions held overnight. The calculation for an overnight Finance Charge Adjustment/Finance Credit Adjustment for each day that a long or short Equity CFD, cldices and Cryptocurrency Contracts is held overnight is case follows:

$F\text{-CVX (FR/100)/360}$

Where:

F-Daily Finance Charge Adjustment (if negative)/ Finance Credit Adjustment (if positive)

CV is Contract Value of the Equity CFD, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts Open Positions, at the Closing Price.

FR is the Finance Rate as defined in the Glossary in Section 7.

A Finance Credit Adjustment will be credited for the short Equity CFD, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts position held overnight to your Account

when the Finance Rate is positive. A Finance Charge will be debited for the long Equity CFD, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts position held overnight to your Account when the Finance Rate is negative.

By way of example, using the calculation for a long Equity CFD held overnight for a USD share whose Finance Rate is -5.61%. $F\text{- USD10,000x (-5.61\% / 100)/360-USD1.56}$

Where:

CV is USD10,000

FR is -5.61% p.a.

No Finance Charge/Finance Credit is paid or received if you open and close an Equity CFD, Commodity Derivatives, Indices and Cryptocurrency Contracts position on the same day.

Finance Charge Adjustment on Trading Account Balance

Lux Trading Firm does not pay any Finance Credit Adjustment earned on your Trading Account on positive Balances.

5.5 Cost of conversion

You will incur a conversion cost when converting to your Account Currency. This occurs each time there is a conversion from a Transaction denominated in a currency different from the Account Currency being Australian dollars.

The conversion cost charged is up to a maximum of 100 basis points (1.00%) of the Transaction's full face value being converted and is adjusted in the realised profit or loss.

5.6 External Fees, Taxes and Charges

You are responsible for any stamp duty, transaction duty, GST or similar goods and services or value



added tax payable in respect of trading in Transactions (except for any income tax payable by Lux Trading Firm). Bank charges and fees imposed on Lux Trading Firm to clear your funds or in respect of your payments will also be charged to your Account.

The Financial Product Service Terms may allow Lux Trading Firm to impose other fees or charges from time to time which do not relate directly to Transactions (and so are or costs, fees or charges for acquiring or later dealing in the Lux Trading Firm Product itself). For example, you may be required to pay royalty or similar charges set by data providers for your use of information feeds or for online transaction services. Lux Trading Firm may debit these amounts to your Trading Account.

5.7 Administration Fees

You will incur an Administration fee when using a Swap Free or Islamic Account when holding transactions for a period of time. The charge amount and the time interval for each admin charge will vary based on the instrument. This information is available for each Lux Trading Firm Product traded on the Online Trading Platform.

Section 6-General Information

6.1 Account Currency

Your Account Currency is chosen as part of the Account opening process. Account Currency. The Account Currencies which are available can be chosen when the Accounts are established.

If you instruct Lux Trading Firm to effect a Transaction denominated in a currency different from the denomination of your Account currency, Lux Trading Firm will convert the currency value of your Transaction into the Account Currency.

The foreign currency conversions can expose you to foreign exchange risks between the time the Transaction is entered into and the time the relevant conversion of currencies occurs. Foreign exchange markets can change rapidly. Exchange rates depend on a number of factors including for example, interest rates, currency supply and demand and actions of government. In some situations, exchanges of currency may be suspended. These will impact on the rates of conversion set by Lux Trading Firm.

6.2 Policies

Lux Trading Firm has a number of policies that can affect your Lux Trading Firm Product investments. The policies are guidelines that Lux Trading Firm (including all of its staff) is expected to follow but policies are not part of the Financial Product Service Terms and do not give you additional legal rights or powers.

We may change our policies at any time without notice to you. We may amend, withdraw, replace or add to our policies at any time without notice to you. Our policies may help you understand how we operate but all of the important information is set out in or referred to in this PDS so you should only rely on this PDS and not on the policies.

6.3 Taxation Implications

Lux Trading Firm Products will have taxation implications for Clients, depending on the current tax laws and administration, the nature of the Client for tax laws, the terms of the Transactions and other circumstances. These are invariably complex and specific to each Client. You should consult your tax advisor before trading in these financial products. Lux Trading Firm does not provide any taxation advice.

6.4 Insurance



Lux Trading Firm has the benefit of a comprehensive insurance policy in place to cover a variety of different scenarios, some which may assist in the repayment of deficits if there is fraudulent activity by one of Lux Trading Firm' employees, directors or authorised representatives that results in your money being used in fraudulent activities. If the insurance policy is insufficient or the insurer fails to perform its obligations, Lux Trading Firm may not be able to make the payments it owes to you.

6.5 Dispute Resolution

Lux Trading Firm wants to know about any problems you may have with the service provided to you so we can take steps to resolve the issue. Lux Trading Firm has an internal dispute resolution procedure to resolve complaints from clients who receive financial services.

If you have a complaint about the financial product or service provided to you, please take the following steps:

1. Contact your Lux Trading Firm agent or adviser and provide the details of your complaint. You may do this by telephone, facsimile, email or letter.
2. Lux Trading Firm will try to resolve your complaint quickly and fairly. We will use our best endeavors to try to resolve your complaint within 30 days of receipt of your written complaint unless we advise you that we require more time due to the nature of your complaint or other reasonable consideration.

6.6 Privacy

You should refer to our Privacy Policy available on our website <https://luxtradingfirm.com> which sets out how we collect, use including the use of cookies personal information

7.1 Definitions and Interpretation

Account means your account with Lux Trading Firm established under the Financial Product Service Terms, including all Trading Accounts and all Transactions recorded in them.

Account Currency means the currency that the Trading Account is denominated in. Please note that all costs including spread, transaction costs, Finance Charge Adjustment and Finance Credit Adjustment are calculated in that currency.

Administration Fee means a charge which is deducted from a Swap Free or Islamic account for holding a position for a specified period of time.

Ask Price (buy price) means the Transaction Price, which Lux Trading Firm as the seller is willing to accept i.e., the price at which you can buy the Lux Trading Firm Product. This is also known as the 'offer price".

AUD means the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia.

Base Currency means the first currency represented in a currency pair respect of a Spot FX Contract.

Bid Price (sell price) means the Transaction Price which Lux Trading Firm as the buyer is willing to accept i.e. the price at which you can currently sell the Lux Trading Firm Product.

Client refers to the person who has an Account with Lux Trading Firm.

Close Out, Closed Out and Closing Out in relation to a Transaction means discharging or satisfying the obligations of the Client and Lux Trading Firm under the Transaction and this includes matching up the Transaction with a Transaction of the same kind under which the Client has assumed an offsetting opposite position.

Section 7-Glossary



Closing Price means the daily closing Current Market Price (or, if an index, level) of the Underlying Instrument (determined by Lux Trading Firm).

Commodity Derivative means Lux Trading Firm Products whose Underlying Instrument is a commodity.

Contract Size means the standard volume per1 Lot expressed either in ounces or number of contracts.

Contract Value means the face value of the Lux Trading Firm Product and is calculated by Lux Trading Firm by multiplying the applicable price by the Lot traded and the Contract Size.

Cryptocurrency Contract means Lux Trading Firm Products whose Underlying Instrument is a cryptocurrency (or digital token). For example, Bitcoin, Bitcoin cash, Ethereum, Lite coin and Ripple.

Current Market Price is the price available to Lux Trading Firm from a Hedge Counterparty, which may be a delayed price depending on whether you have subscribed for live pricing.

Equity means the current value of your Trading Account i.e. net worth of funds in the Account, which is calculated by Lux Trading Firm by combining:

- the balance of the account being the deposit/withdrawals and closed trade profit and loss; and
- the floating (unrealised) profit/ loss (positive/negative) of the Open Positions net of fees, charges and costs.

EUR means the single currency of the European Economic and Monetary Union.

Exchange Rate means, in relation to any currency, any widely recognised and published foreign exchange rate for value Spot selected by Lux Trading Firm in its sole discretion. The foreign exchange rate is always quoted as to how much of the Variable Currency, for1 unit of the Base Currency, is worth.

Finance Charge Adjustment means the amount you pay in respect of your Transaction, in accordance with the Financial Product Service Terms.

Finance Credit Adjustment means the amount you receive in respect of your Transaction, in accordance with the Financial Product Service Terms.

Finance Rate means the amount nominated by Lux Trading Firm for this term from time to time, as notified to you through the Online Trading Platform.

a) In the absence of any valid nomination, when you hold a long Equity CFD, Cryptocurrency Contract and Index position overnight, the Finance Rate for a Finance Charge Adjustment debited to your Account (or Trading Accounts) is the prevailing suitable inter-bank overnight reference offer rate plus a mark-up, up to a maximum of 25%.

b) In the absence of any valid nomination, when you hold a short Equity CFD, Cryptocurrency Contract and Index position overnight the Finance Rate for a Finance Charge Adjustment credited to your Account (or Trading Accounts) is the prevailing suitable inter-bank overnight reference bid rate less a mark-down, up to a maximum amount of 25%. If the rate calculated min us the mark-down results in a debit as opposed to a credit, then this will be the Finance Rate for a Finance Charge Adjustment to be debited to your Account (or Trading Account).

Free Margin means the value of funds that are available for opening a position. It is calculated by Lux Trading Firm by subtracting from the Equity the required Margin.

Financial Product Service Terms means the terms of your Account with Lux Trading Firm, which accompanied your application form, for all of your Trading Accounts by which you deal in Transactions (as amended from time to time). Variations or additional terms may be notified to you from time to time in accordance with your current Financial Product Service Terms.



Lux Trading Firm means Gleneagle Securities Pty Limited Company Number 40256, trading as Lux Trading Firm and, in accordance with the Financial Product Service Terms, any person who is a permitted assignee or other successor to Lux Trading Firm.

Lux Trading Firm Product means an OTC contracts issued by Lux Trading Firm under the Financial Product Service Terms to Clients who apply for those products by way of the application form specifically labelled for 'Lux Trading Firm Products".

FX means foreign exchange.

FX Contract means an OTC contract whose Underlying Instrument (or pair of them) is a currency (including a cryptocurrency (or digital token)).

Hedge Counterparty means an entity that Lux Trading Firm enters in to hedge contracts with to manage Lux Trading Firm exposure to Lux Trading Firm Products.

Initial Margin means the amount which you are required to pay to Lux Trading Firm as Margin for any Transaction which you propose to enter into.

Index and Indices refers to Lux Trading Firm Products whose Underlying Instrument is an index comprised of securities of issuers listed on an exchange, typically an index sponsored or promoted by an exchange. The S&P/ASX 200 is an example, so a S&P/ASX 200 Index is an index whose Underlying Instrument is the S&P/ASX 200TM and the values are based on the index level of the S&P/ASX 200. The index sponsor has no involvement in the Lux Trading Firm Product.

JPY means the lawful currency of Japan.

Leverage Rate means a transaction size/margin ratio for each Lux Trading Firm Product. For example, the 1:100 Leverage Rate means that the Client is required to have 1% of transaction size in its Account as Margin.

Lot means the unit that represents the volume of a Transaction taking into consideration the Contract

Size. It can be represented as a portion of a Lot subject to the minimum Lot size, for example (0.1 of a lot) being referred to as a mini Lot or (0.01 of a Lot) being referred to as a micro Lot. For example 1 Lot in EURUSD equals 100,000 EUR being the Base Currency unit and 0.1 Lot is therefore 10,000 units of Base Currency.

Margin means the amount of money (or money's worth) paid to Lux Trading Firm and credited to your Account as Margin.

Margin Level means the Equity to Margin ratio calculated as Equity divided by Margin.

Margin Closeout Level means the 20% Margin Level that must be maintained before there might be automatic Close Out of all or some of your Open Positions.

Metal Contract means a Lux Trading Firm Product whose Underlying Instrument is a contract in respect of metal (including in relation to gold or silver), on a Spot basis only, and payment against another currency.

Online Trading Platform means Online Trading Platform for trading in Lux Trading Firm Products.

Open Position means, at any time, a Transaction which has not been Closed Out, or settled prior to the time agreed for settlement.

Order means any order placed by you to enter into a Transaction.

OTC means 'over the counter", in contrast with traded on a regulated exchange.

OTC Contract means an over the counter contract for a financial product.

Overnight means end of a Trading Day at 17:00 New York local time.

Points imams in the context of Spot FX Contract is the smallest increment by which a Spot FX Contract Price



changes and is quoted depending on the number of decimal places the currency is quoted. For example on a USD/JPY Transaction, which is quoted with only three decimal (meaning one Pip - JPY 0.001).

Point Value in the context of Spot FX Contract means the value of a point for 1 Lot denominated in the Account Currency being the smallest increment by which a Spot FX Contract price or Exchange Rate changes above referred to as a tick.

You can calculate the value of a single point denominated in the Account Currency, for instance, if you know that the EUR/USD is quoted with five decimals, so for a 100,000 position you can multiply the 100,000 by the tick being the fifth decimal value of one point, or USD 0.00001. So, on a EUR/USD 100,000 Transaction, the Point Value for 1 point would equal USD 1. On a USD/JPY 100,000 Transaction, the Value for 1 point is equal to JPY 100 because USD/JPY is quoted with only three decimal (meaning one point - JPY 0.001), which would be converted at the current Exchange Rate to get an amount in USD.

Spot means an **OTC Contract** whose theoretical Value Date for a Transaction will occur two (2) Trading Days following the day on which the Transaction is entered into.

Spread means the difference between the Bid Price and the Ask Price of Lux Trading Firm Products.

Swap Rate means the rate, usually displayed as swap points, nominated by Lux Trading Firm from time to time, as notified to you (including through the online trading platform) or by contacting Lux Trading Firm.

Trading Account means trading accounts established under the Financial Product Service Terms offered by Lux Trading Firm for trading purposes. Each is part of the same Account you have with Lux Trading Firm.

Transaction means a transaction in any of the kinds of Lux Trading Firm Product which are traded under the Financial Product Service Terms.

Transaction Fee means the fee or commission from time to time specified by Lux Trading Firm to be the amount payable by you to Lux Trading Firm in respect of each Transaction as set out in this PDS or as later varied in accordance with the Financial Product Service Terms and this PDS.

Transaction Price means, for FX Contracts, the Exchange Rate and, for Lux Trading Firm Products, it is the price of buying or selling the financial product.

USD means the lawful currency of the United States of America.

Variable Currency means the second mentioned currency in respect of a Spot FX Contract position.

Underlying Instrument means the product which is used as the basis for the calculations of prices for your Lux Trading Firm Products, such as FX, a share or similar equity financial product, commodity, option, Futures Contract, index or other item (or any combination of one or more of those).

Value Date means the theoretical date of delivery if the product could be settled by physical or deliverable settlement.